

AMERICA AS A WORLD POWER ANSWER KEY

AMERICA AS A WORLD POWER ANSWER KEY EXPLORES THE HISTORICAL, POLITICAL, AND ECONOMIC FACTORS THAT CONTRIBUTED TO THE UNITED STATES EMERGING AS A DOMINANT GLOBAL FORCE. THIS ARTICLE PROVIDES A COMPREHENSIVE OVERVIEW OF THE KEY EVENTS, POLICIES, AND STRATEGIES THAT HELPED SHAPE AMERICA'S ROLE ON THE WORLD STAGE. FROM THE AFTERMATH OF THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR TO THE COUNTRY'S INVOLVEMENT IN WORLD WARS AND THE COLD WAR, THE TRANSFORMATION INTO A WORLD POWER INVOLVED MULTIFACETED DEVELOPMENTS IN MILITARY STRENGTH, DIPLOMACY, AND ECONOMIC INFLUENCE. UNDERSTANDING THESE MILESTONES OFFERS INSIGHT INTO HOW AMERICA PROJECTED ITS POWER INTERNATIONALLY AND MAINTAINED ITS INFLUENCE THROUGH THE 20TH CENTURY AND BEYOND. THIS ANSWER KEY SERVES AS A DETAILED GUIDE FOR STUDENTS AND READERS SEEKING AN IN-DEPTH EXPLANATION OF AMERICA'S RISE TO GLOBAL PROMINENCE. THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS WILL BREAK DOWN THE MAJOR COMPONENTS OF AMERICA'S ASCENT AS A WORLD POWER IN A CLEAR AND STRUCTURED MANNER.

- HISTORICAL FOUNDATIONS OF AMERICA AS A WORLD POWER
- MILITARY EXPANSION AND KEY CONFLICTS
- ECONOMIC INFLUENCE AND GLOBAL TRADE
- DIPLOMATIC STRATEGIES AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
- AMERICA'S ROLE DURING THE WORLD WARS
- THE COLD WAR ERA AND SUPERPOWER STATUS
- CONTINUING INFLUENCE IN THE 21ST CENTURY

HISTORICAL FOUNDATIONS OF AMERICA AS A WORLD POWER

THE ROOTS OF AMERICA AS A WORLD POWER ANSWER KEY BEGIN WITH THE COUNTRY'S TERRITORIAL EXPANSION AND GROWING ECONOMIC CAPABILITIES IN THE 19TH CENTURY. THE CONCEPT OF MANIFEST DESTINY AND THE ACQUISITION OF NEW LANDS SET THE STAGE FOR INCREASED INFLUENCE BEYOND THE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES. EARLY FOREIGN POLICY DECISIONS, INCLUDING THE MONROE DOCTRINE, ASSERTED AMERICAN INTERESTS IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE AND DISCOURAGED EUROPEAN INTERVENTION.

THIS SECTION DETAILS THE CRITICAL EARLY EVENTS AND IDEOLOGIES THAT LAID THE GROUNDWORK FOR AMERICA'S TRANSFORMATION INTO A GLOBAL POWER.

TERRITORIAL EXPANSION AND MANIFEST DESTINY

THE 19TH CENTURY SAW THE UNITED STATES EXPAND ITS BORDERS THROUGH PURCHASES, WARS, AND TREATIES. THE LOUISIANA PURCHASE, ANNEXATION OF TEXAS, AND THE ACQUISITION OF TERRITORIES LIKE OREGON AND CALIFORNIA DRAMATICALLY INCREASED THE NATION'S SIZE AND RESOURCES. MANIFEST DESTINY, THE BELIEF THAT THE U.S. WAS DESTINED TO EXPAND ACROSS NORTH AMERICA, FUELED THIS GROWTH AND ENCOURAGED POLITICAL AND MILITARY ACTIONS TO SECURE NEW LANDS.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE AND HEMISPHERIC INFLUENCE

ISSUED IN 1823, THE MONROE DOCTRINE WAS A DECISIVE POLICY STATEMENT THAT WARNED EUROPEAN POWERS AGAINST FURTHER COLONIZATION OR INTERVENTION IN THE AMERICAS. IT ESTABLISHED THE U.S. AS THE PRIMARY POWER IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE AND WAS A FOUNDATIONAL ELEMENT IN THE NATION'S FOREIGN POLICY, SIGNALING THE BEGINNING OF AMERICA'S

ASSERTIVE INTERNATIONAL POSTURE.

MILITARY EXPANSION AND KEY CONFLICTS

A CENTRAL ASPECT OF AMERICA AS A WORLD POWER ANSWER KEY INVOLVES THE DEVELOPMENT AND DEPLOYMENT OF MILITARY FORCES TO PROTECT AND EXTEND AMERICAN INTERESTS. THE MODERNIZATION OF THE NAVY AND PARTICIPATION IN OVERSEAS CONFLICTS WERE PIVOTAL IN SHOWCASING THE NATION'S GROWING STRENGTH.

THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR

THE 1898 SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR MARKED A TURNING POINT FOR THE UNITED STATES, SIGNALING ITS EMERGENCE AS A GLOBAL POWER. VICTORY RESULTED IN THE ACQUISITION OF OVERSEAS TERRITORIES SUCH AS PUERTO RICO, GUAM, AND THE PHILIPPINES. THIS CONFLICT DEMONSTRATED AMERICA'S WILLINGNESS AND ABILITY TO PROJECT MILITARY POWER BEYOND ITS BORDERS.

NAVAL MODERNIZATION UNDER ALFRED THAYER MAHAN

INFLUENCED BY THE STRATEGIC THEORIES OF ALFRED THAYER MAHAN, THE U.S. INVESTED HEAVILY IN BUILDING A MODERN AND POWERFUL NAVY. THE FOCUS ON SEA POWER WAS ESSENTIAL FOR PROTECTING TRADE ROUTES AND ASSERTING DOMINANCE IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS, FURTHER SOLIDIFYING AMERICA'S STATUS AS A WORLD POWER.

OTHER KEY MILITARY ENGAGEMENTS

BEYOND THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR, THE U.S. ENGAGED IN VARIOUS MILITARY ACTIONS THAT ENHANCED ITS GLOBAL PRESENCE, INCLUDING:

- INTERVENTIONS IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN
- PARTICIPATION IN WORLD WAR I
- INVOLVEMENT IN WORLD WAR II

ECONOMIC INFLUENCE AND GLOBAL TRADE

ECONOMIC STRENGTH IS A HALLMARK OF AMERICA AS A WORLD POWER ANSWER KEY. THE UNITED STATES' RAPID INDUSTRIALIZATION AND EXPANDING MARKETS MADE IT A KEY PLAYER IN GLOBAL TRADE AND FINANCE. ECONOMIC POLICIES AND INNOVATION SUPPORTED ITS POSITION AS A DOMINANT ECONOMIC FORCE.

INDUSTRIALIZATION AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

THE LATE 19TH AND EARLY 20TH CENTURIES SAW UNPRECEDENTED INDUSTRIAL GROWTH IN THE U.S., PRODUCING VAST QUANTITIES OF GOODS AND BUILDING INFRASTRUCTURE SUCH AS RAILROADS AND FACTORIES. THIS GROWTH PROVIDED THE RESOURCES NECESSARY TO SUPPORT A LARGE MILITARY AND ENGAGE IN INTERNATIONAL COMMERCE.

TRADE POLICIES AND GLOBAL MARKETS

AMERICAN TRADE POLICIES FACILITATED ACCESS TO FOREIGN MARKETS AND RESOURCES. THE OPEN DOOR POLICY IN CHINA IS AN EXAMPLE OF AMERICA ADVOCATING FOR EQUAL TRADING RIGHTS AND RESISTING COLONIAL MONOPOLIES. SUCH POLICIES ENSURED THE U.S. COULD COMPETE ECONOMICALLY ON THE WORLD STAGE.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND AID

THE ESTABLISHMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND PARTICIPATION IN INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC ORGANIZATIONS HELPED THE U.S. INFLUENCE GLOBAL ECONOMIC STABILITY AND DEVELOPMENT. PROGRAMS LIKE THE MARSHALL PLAN AFTER WORLD WAR II REINFORCED AMERICA'S LEADERSHIP IN GLOBAL ECONOMIC RECOVERY.

DIPLOMATIC STRATEGIES AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

DIPLOMACY PLAYED A CRUCIAL ROLE IN AMERICA AS A WORLD POWER ANSWER KEY, ENABLING THE U.S. TO BUILD ALLIANCES, MANAGE CONFLICTS, AND PROMOTE ITS INTERESTS. THE EVOLUTION OF AMERICAN DIPLOMACY REFLECTS THE COUNTRY'S GROWING ENGAGEMENT WITH GLOBAL AFFAIRS.

FORMATION OF ALLIANCES

STRATEGIC ALLIANCES, SUCH AS THOSE FORMED DURING BOTH WORLD WARS AND THE COLD WAR, WERE VITAL FOR MAINTAINING GLOBAL INFLUENCE. THESE PARTNERSHIPS HELPED CONTAIN RIVALS AND PROMOTE SHARED SECURITY OBJECTIVES.

PARTICIPATION IN INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

THE UNITED STATES HAS BEEN A KEY MEMBER OF INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS LIKE THE UNITED NATIONS AND NATO. THESE BODIES ALLOWED AMERICA TO SHAPE GLOBAL GOVERNANCE, SECURITY POLICIES, AND HUMANITARIAN EFFORTS.

DIPLOMATIC DOCTRINES AND POLICIES

SEVERAL DOCTRINES AND POLICIES, INCLUDING THE ROOSEVELT COROLLARY AND THE TRUMAN DOCTRINE, DEFINED AMERICA'S APPROACH TO INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND INTERVENTION, EMPHASIZING BOTH HEMISPHERIC DEFENSE AND THE CONTAINMENT OF COMMUNISM.

AMERICA'S ROLE DURING THE WORLD WARS

AMERICA AS A WORLD POWER ANSWER KEY CANNOT BE FULLY UNDERSTOOD WITHOUT EXAMINING ITS CRITICAL INVOLVEMENT IN WORLD WAR I AND WORLD WAR II. THESE CONFLICTS PROPELLED THE U.S. INTO A LEADERSHIP ROLE IN GLOBAL POLITICS AND MILITARY AFFAIRS.

WORLD WAR I IMPACT

ALTHOUGH INITIALLY NEUTRAL, THE U.S. ENTRY INTO WORLD WAR I IN 1917 WAS DECISIVE IN THE ALLIED VICTORY. POST-WAR, AMERICA PLAYED A SIGNIFICANT ROLE IN PEACE NEGOTIATIONS AND SHAPED THE POST-WAR ORDER, EVEN AS IT RETREATED INTO ISOLATIONISM DURING THE 1920s.

WORLD WAR II AND GLOBAL LEADERSHIP

WORLD WAR II ESTABLISHED THE U.S. AS A SUPERPOWER. THE MASSIVE MOBILIZATION OF MILITARY AND ECONOMIC RESOURCES LED TO VICTORY AND POSITIONED AMERICA AS A LEADER IN REBUILDING EUROPE AND ASIA. THE CREATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF AMERICAN MILITARY BASES WORLDWIDE CEMENTED ITS GLOBAL PRESENCE.

THE COLD WAR ERA AND SUPERPOWER STATUS

THE COLD WAR DEFINED AMERICA AS A WORLD POWER ANSWER KEY IN THE MID-TO-LATE 20TH CENTURY. THE IDEOLOGICAL AND GEOPOLITICAL STRUGGLE WITH THE SOVIET UNION SHAPED AMERICAN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC POLICY, MILITARY STRATEGY, AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS.

CONTAINMENT POLICY AND MILITARY ALLIANCES

THE U.S. ADOPTED THE POLICY OF CONTAINMENT TO PREVENT THE SPREAD OF COMMUNISM, RESULTING IN MILITARY ALLIANCES SUCH AS NATO AND INVOLVEMENT IN CONFLICTS LIKE THE KOREAN AND VIETNAM WARS. THIS STRATEGIC APPROACH MAINTAINED AMERICAN INFLUENCE WORLDWIDE.

ARMS RACE AND SPACE COMPETITION

THE NUCLEAR ARMS RACE AND THE SPACE RACE WERE SYMBOLIC OF THE COLD WAR RIVALRY. THESE COMPETITIONS DROVE TECHNOLOGICAL INNOVATION AND DEMONSTRATED AMERICAN RESOLVE AND CAPABILITY ON THE GLOBAL STAGE.

DIPLOMATIC ENGAGEMENTS AND TREATIES

DESPITE TENSIONS, THE U.S. ENGAGED IN ARMS CONTROL AGREEMENTS AND DIPLOMATIC EFFORTS TO EASE COLD WAR HOSTILITIES, INCLUDING TREATIES LIKE SALT AND THE HELSINKI ACCORDS.

CONTINUING INFLUENCE IN THE 21ST CENTURY

AMERICA AS A WORLD POWER ANSWER KEY EXTENDS INTO THE 21ST CENTURY, WHERE THE UNITED STATES REMAINS A DOMINANT FORCE IN MILITARY, ECONOMIC, AND CULTURAL ARENAS. WHILE CHALLENGES HAVE EMERGED, THE LEGACY OF ITS RISE CONTINUES TO SHAPE GLOBAL DYNAMICS.

MILITARY PRESENCE AND INTERNATIONAL SECURITY

THE U.S. MAINTAINS A SIGNIFICANT MILITARY PRESENCE WORLDWIDE, PARTICIPATING IN MULTINATIONAL COALITIONS AND PEACEKEEPING MISSIONS. ITS DEFENSE CAPABILITIES AND ALLIANCES CONTINUE TO INFLUENCE GLOBAL SECURITY ARCHITECTURE.

ECONOMIC INNOVATION AND GLOBALIZATION

AMERICAN LEADERSHIP IN TECHNOLOGY, FINANCE, AND TRADE KEEPS THE NATION AT THE FOREFRONT OF THE GLOBAL ECONOMY. THE U.S. PLAYS A CRUCIAL ROLE IN INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC ORGANIZATIONS AND GLOBAL SUPPLY CHAINS.

CULTURAL AND DIPLOMATIC LEADERSHIP

THROUGH CULTURAL EXPORTS, DIPLOMACY, AND INTERNATIONAL AID, AMERICA CONTINUES TO EXERT SOFT POWER. ITS ROLE IN PROMOTING DEMOCRATIC VALUES AND HUMAN RIGHTS REMAINS A KEY ELEMENT OF ITS GLOBAL INFLUENCE.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT FACTORS CONTRIBUTED TO AMERICA BECOMING A WORLD POWER IN THE LATE 19TH AND EARLY 20TH CENTURIES?

AMERICA'S EMERGENCE AS A WORLD POWER WAS INFLUENCED BY RAPID INDUSTRIALIZATION, EXPANSION OF ITS NAVY, ACQUISITION OF OVERSEAS TERRITORIES, AND INVOLVEMENT IN GLOBAL CONFLICTS LIKE THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR.

HOW DID THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR IMPACT AMERICA'S STATUS AS A WORLD POWER?

THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR RESULTED IN THE U.S. ACQUIRING TERRITORIES SUCH AS PUERTO RICO, GUAM, AND THE PHILIPPINES, MARKING ITS EXPANSION BEYOND THE CONTINENT AND ESTABLISHING IT AS A SIGNIFICANT GLOBAL POWER.

WHAT ROLE DID THE PANAMA CANAL PLAY IN AMERICA'S RISE AS A WORLD POWER?

THE PANAMA CANAL FACILITATED FASTER NAVAL AND COMMERCIAL MOVEMENT BETWEEN THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC OCEANS, ENHANCING AMERICA'S MILITARY REACH AND ECONOMIC INFLUENCE WORLDWIDE.

HOW DID AMERICA'S INDUSTRIAL ECONOMY SUPPORT ITS GROWTH AS A WORLD POWER?

A STRONG INDUSTRIAL ECONOMY PROVIDED THE RESOURCES, TECHNOLOGY, AND INFRASTRUCTURE NEEDED FOR MILITARY EXPANSION AND GLOBAL TRADE, UNDERPINNING AMERICA'S WORLD POWER STATUS.

IN WHAT WAYS DID AMERICA'S FOREIGN POLICY REFLECT ITS ROLE AS A WORLD POWER?

AMERICA ADOPTED POLICIES LIKE THE ROOSEVELT COROLLARY AND DOLLAR DIPLOMACY, ASSERTING INTERVENTIONIST STANCES IN LATIN AMERICA AND PROMOTING ITS INTERESTS GLOBALLY.

WHAT WAS THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE OPEN DOOR POLICY IN AMERICA'S EMERGENCE AS A WORLD POWER?

THE OPEN DOOR POLICY AIMED TO ENSURE EQUAL TRADING RIGHTS IN CHINA, REFLECTING AMERICA'S INTEREST IN EXPANDING ITS ECONOMIC INFLUENCE IN ASIA WITHOUT DIRECT COLONIZATION.

HOW DID WORLD WAR I AFFECT AMERICA'S POSITION AS A WORLD POWER?

AMERICA'S ENTRY INTO WORLD WAR I MARKED ITS FIRST MAJOR MILITARY ENGAGEMENT IN EUROPE, BOOSTING ITS INTERNATIONAL INFLUENCE AND HELPING TO SHAPE THE POST-WAR GLOBAL ORDER.

WHAT ROLE DID NAVAL POWER PLAY IN AMERICA'S STATUS AS A WORLD POWER?

A POWERFUL NAVY ALLOWED THE U.S. TO PROTECT ITS INTERESTS ABROAD, PROJECT MILITARY STRENGTH, AND SECURE TRADE

ROUTES, SOLIDIFYING ITS GLOBAL PRESENCE.

HOW DID SOCIAL AND POLITICAL CHANGES WITHIN THE U.S. SUPPORT ITS EMERGENCE AS A WORLD POWER?

PROGRESSIVE REFORMS, INCREASED NATIONALISM, AND A FOCUS ON MODERNIZATION HELPED UNIFY THE COUNTRY AND BUILD THE CAPACITY NEEDED FOR GLOBAL ENGAGEMENT.

WHAT WAS THE IMPACT OF AMERICAN CULTURAL INFLUENCE DURING ITS RISE AS A WORLD POWER?

AMERICAN CULTURE, INCLUDING MEDIA, TECHNOLOGY, AND VALUES, SPREAD INTERNATIONALLY, ENHANCING ITS SOFT POWER AND GLOBAL LEADERSHIP ROLE.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

1. *THE RISE OF AMERICAN POWER: FROM ISOLATION TO GLOBAL INFLUENCE*

THIS BOOK EXPLORES THE TRANSFORMATION OF THE UNITED STATES FROM A RELATIVELY ISOLATED NATION TO A DOMINANT GLOBAL POWER. IT COVERS KEY HISTORICAL EVENTS SUCH AS THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR, WORLD WARS, AND THE COLD WAR. THE AUTHOR ANALYZES POLITICAL, ECONOMIC, AND MILITARY STRATEGIES THAT PROPELLED AMERICA ONTO THE WORLD STAGE.

2. *AMERICA'S ROLE IN THE WORLD: A HISTORICAL OVERVIEW*

PROVIDING A COMPREHENSIVE OVERVIEW, THIS BOOK EXAMINES AMERICA'S INVOLVEMENT IN INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS FROM ITS FOUNDING TO THE 21ST CENTURY. IT DISCUSSES DIPLOMATIC POLICIES, MILITARY INTERVENTIONS, AND ECONOMIC INFLUENCE. THE TEXT HIGHLIGHTS HOW AMERICA SHAPED AND WAS SHAPED BY GLOBAL DYNAMICS.

3. *IMPERIAL AMBITIONS: THE UNITED STATES AND THE MAKING OF THE MODERN WORLD*

THIS TITLE DELVES INTO THE ERA OF AMERICAN IMPERIALISM AND EXPANSIONISM IN THE LATE 19TH AND EARLY 20TH CENTURIES. IT FOCUSES ON THE ACQUISITION OF TERRITORIES LIKE PUERTO RICO, THE PHILIPPINES, AND GUAM, AND THE IMPLICATIONS FOR U.S. FOREIGN POLICY. THE BOOK CRITICALLY ASSESSES THE MOTIVATIONS AND CONSEQUENCES OF AMERICAN EXPANSION.

4. *SUPERPOWER RISING: AMERICA'S COLD WAR STRATEGY AND GLOBAL DOMINANCE*

FOCUSING ON THE COLD WAR PERIOD, THIS BOOK ANALYZES HOW THE UNITED STATES EMERGED AS ONE OF TWO SUPERPOWERS. IT COVERS GEOPOLITICAL STRATEGIES, ALLIANCES LIKE NATO, AND PROXY WARS FOUGHT ACROSS THE GLOBE. THE AUTHOR ALSO DISCUSSES THE IMPACT OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND DIPLOMACY ON GLOBAL POWER STRUCTURES.

5. *ECONOMIC MIGHT: THE UNITED STATES AND GLOBAL CAPITALISM*

THIS BOOK EXPLORES THE ECONOMIC FOUNDATIONS OF AMERICA'S STATUS AS A WORLD POWER. IT EXAMINES THE GROWTH OF AMERICAN INDUSTRY, INTERNATIONAL TRADE POLICIES, AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS SUCH AS THE IMF AND WORLD BANK. THE NARRATIVE ILLUSTRATES HOW ECONOMIC STRENGTH UNDERPINNED U.S. INFLUENCE WORLDWIDE.

6. *AMERICAN MILITARY POWER: FROM REVOLUTION TO GLOBAL DOMINANCE*

TRACING THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE U.S. MILITARY, THIS BOOK HIGHLIGHTS KEY CONFLICTS AND INNOVATIONS THAT ESTABLISHED AMERICAN MILITARY SUPREMACY. IT DISCUSSES THE EVOLUTION OF MILITARY DOCTRINE, TECHNOLOGY, AND THE ROLE OF ARMED FORCES IN SHAPING FOREIGN POLICY. THE BOOK EMPHASIZES THE MILITARY'S CENTRAL ROLE IN AMERICA'S GLOBAL POWER.

7. *DIPLOMACY AND POWER: THE UNITED STATES IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS*

THIS WORK FOCUSES ON THE DIPLOMATIC EFFORTS AND CHALLENGES FACED BY THE U.S. IN MAINTAINING ITS GLOBAL POSITION. IT COVERS LANDMARK TREATIES, DIPLOMATIC CRISES, AND THE USE OF SOFT POWER. THE BOOK ALSO CONSIDERS THE BALANCE BETWEEN MILITARY FORCE AND DIPLOMACY IN AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY.

8. *THE AMERICAN CENTURY: LEADERSHIP AND RESPONSIBILITY IN THE 20TH CENTURY*

THIS TITLE ANALYZES AMERICA'S LEADERSHIP ROLE THROUGHOUT THE 20TH CENTURY, PARTICULARLY FOLLOWING WORLD WAR II. IT DISCUSSES THE COUNTRY'S RESPONSIBILITIES IN REBUILDING WAR-TORN REGIONS, PROMOTING DEMOCRACY, AND

MANAGING INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS. THE NARRATIVE REFLECTS ON BOTH SUCCESSES AND CRITICISMS OF AMERICAN LEADERSHIP.

9. *CHALLENGES TO AMERICAN POWER: GLOBAL SHIFTS IN THE 21ST CENTURY*

LOOKING AT RECENT DECADES, THIS BOOK ADDRESSES EMERGING CHALLENGES TO U.S. DOMINANCE, INCLUDING RISING POWERS LIKE CHINA AND RUSSIA. IT EXPLORES ISSUES SUCH AS GLOBALIZATION, TERRORISM, AND CHANGING MILITARY TECHNOLOGIES. THE AUTHOR EVALUATES HOW AMERICA ADAPTS TO MAINTAIN ITS INFLUENCE IN A MULTIPOLAR WORLD.

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